

- Co-founder, The Co-Laboratorio (CoLab Advantage Ltd.)
- Associate Professor, SFU Beedie School of Business
- Director, SFU Institute for Diaspora Research and Engagement



Unlocking the full collaborative potential of diverse talent and stakeholders

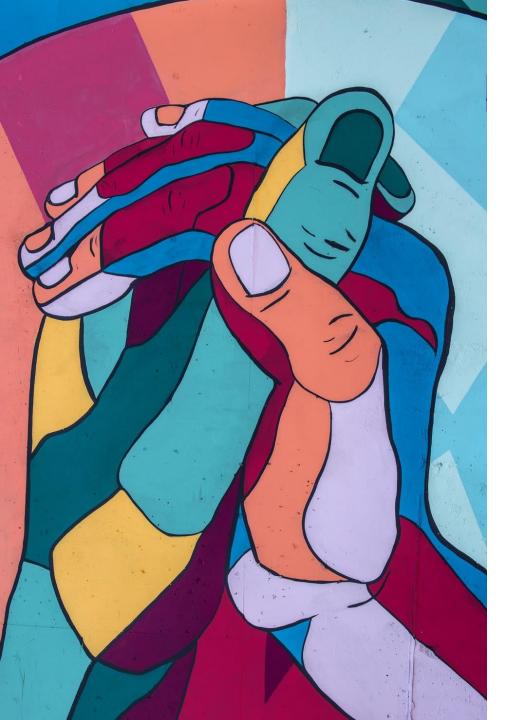
September 27, 2022

Dr. Kristina Henriksson, MSc, PhD

- Anti-racism in Burnaby Schools Listening, learning and actioning change
 - Final report

- Co-founder, The Co-Laboratorio (CoLab Advantage Ltd.)
- Adjunct Professor, SFU Beedie School of Business

The Co-Laboratorio (CoLab Advantage) acknowledge and thank the xwməθkwəyəm (Musqueam), Skwxwú7mesh (Squamish), and Səlílwəta?/Selilwitulh (Tsleil-Waututh) Nations on whose traditional ancestral and unceded territories we work and live.



Thank you to participants

- Recounted deeply personal stories
- Invested time and were burdened emotionally
- All in the hope for Change



CoLab engagement







<u>Confidential individual interviews</u> (administrators, snr. Leadership, safe schools specialists, teachers, Indigenous Elder, student counsellors,



Focused group listening-learning-actioning sessions

- Multi-generational and multi-racial
 - Indigenous families
- Student sessions, face-to-face, online
 - BIPOC teachers
- Arabic-, Farsi-, Tigrigna speaking communities

Bold commitments to address systemic racism

We need to ask: 'What do you need to feel safe at school? What do you need to feel safe at work?' We don't have the answers, but to effect real change we must start the dialogue, knowing there will be uncomfortable truths that must be acknowledged and cause us as a district to reflect on our policies and practices. But most importantly, we must act on what we learn if we are truly committed to anti-racism and addressing systemic racism."

 The consultation process is intended to inform development of a district anti- racism action plan that respects and honours the voices and lived experiences of those affected by systemic racism, implicit bias and/or discrimination

The following motion was passed by all trustees at the public Board Meeting on June 23:

That the Burnaby School District use a consultative process to develop a district anti-racism action plan that respects and honours the voices and lived experiences of those affected by systemic racism, implicit bias and/or discrimination.

Further, that the District:

- Include broader conversation with Black, Indigenous and racialized communities to inform the district anti-racism action plan and update anti-racism policies;
- Establish an ad-hoc working group to support the development of an engagement process
 that provides meaningful, safe and culturally sensitive opportunities for students, staff and
 families to engage in consultation and dialogue;
- Include representation on the ad-hoc working group from the district's partner groups as well as Black, Indigenous and racialized communities;
- And report to the board on progress and timelines by October 30.

Board Chair Gary Wong:

We must learn from the lived experiences of those in our school community who have been affected by racism, discrimination or bias right here in Burnaby. This will help inform where we want to get to: a system action plan. If we are to impact systemic racism, we must not only honour their stories and address concerns, but we must also have an actionable strategy and be accountable for results. But first we must listen."

Deeply troubling survey-results

- Survey-results are deeply disturbing speaking to not just racism at the <u>interpersonal level</u> - the microaggressions, student-to-student behaviours etc. — but very <u>systemic</u> <u>issues</u>: the role of leadership, power and representation, student life outside the classroom, <u>and also the role of</u> <u>predominantly white, non-Indigenous teachers and staff,</u> <u>who lack understanding, or denial, or at other times</u> recognizing they don't know how to identify the subtle, structural racism that exists.
- Also, that over the years, <u>so little has been done</u> to racist system and structures and the harm being done...
- A clear message: BIPOC and other racialized members of the school community are looking for signals that these consultations will finally lead to some transformative solutions; want action and to be a part of that.

Goals of the deeper conversations

Listening-learning-actioning

Survey gave insights on the WHAT is happening

to WHY – going beyond the problem to the root causes

and the HOW – opportunities for change, reimagining solutions



Wide-ranging focused engagement sessions Students, Teachers, Administration, Staff, Parents Guardians.

- <u>Confidential</u> one-on-one interviews, as well as group sessions.
- learn about <u>the nuances of diverse</u>
 <u>realities</u> that constitute the ecosystem of
 Burnaby schools.
- These conversations occurred in safe, culturally sensitive, and trauma informed spaces to mitigate any risks to relevant aspects of people's lives such as employment and students' relationships in and with the school



Issues and challenges: from What is happening to Why?









- Administration, Leadership, policies, procedures
- Curriculum and learning experience
- Teacher diversity, capacity and practice
- Student-to-student relations
- Teacher-parent-community Partnerships, relationships
- Resources & support

Administration, leadership, policies, procedures



Overview: Colonial system and structures, tolerance of racism

<u>Inadequate Policies</u>: lack of direction for senior administration and other staff in the school district when discussing race, reporting and addressing racism.

Lack of a district-wide policy and accountability framework

<u>Dismiss, Denial, Deprioritizing and Delays - racist encounters and systemic racism not being seen as a big enough problem in the district.</u>

<u>Little motivation for systemic change</u> - perceptions authority not motivated to change because these are not issues that affect them

<u>Suppression and hiding of uncomfortable truths to protect</u> reputations and image of the school

This hierarchy, over time, has consolidated into a <u>hierarchy of oppression</u>...even this process on anti-racism is being completely controlled and restricted

<u>Leadership don't understand</u> that they are the structures – not realizing that it's policies and governance that imbues through them, that is the barrier

This system works for many people who don't want change – <u>not motivated to change</u>

It always becomes <u>hyper-fixation on the racist incident itself</u> and then placing the onus on the individual to suggest solution, how to remedy, <u>but without any measure of [institutional, leadership] accountability so that it doesn't happen again</u>

The hope for the survey, finally showing that we are experiencing racism, then go through the survey, wait for results and then almost beg to hear what the results were...while continuously in that time still be facing those experiences...On top of that, to know, one of the reasons we were waiting for so long was that they needed to remove names of leadership etc.

<u>Very performative</u>: We're asked to share stories of racism – recognize – but after that no one cares

Where is my voice going to be heard?

Urgent Call For Action

• How do you plan on solving racism when your board, superintendents, principals have not been trained or don't want to learn or have no experience because they are mostly white and don't care? How do you think a survey will help fight racism? Where are your policies on racism? Why don't you list consequences for racism anywhere? Why don't you hire teachers, principals, board people who have a background in racism courses? You are hiring people who don't know much about these issues and then ask my kids to teach the class about our special days. Instead of focusing on celebrations and holidays, why don't you teach the kids the tools on how to stop being racist? Why don't you hire more First Nations people and put them in charge of their own programs? Why have my kids never had a Black teacher or Black principal? If you continue to hire white bosses who deny that racism is real, then you are going to continue to be a racist education system

Teacher diversity, capacity and practice



Burnaby School Teachers: lack of Diversity and Capacity to Address Racism

Considering that white educators are **removed** from the racialized students' experiences of economic marginalization, language barriers leading to isolation and consequent mental health struggles, degrading treatment from people in authority and fellow students, etc., they unfortunately worsen these conditions with their uninformed treatment of the students (Owusu-Bempah & Jeffers, 2021).

Serious and compounding <u>Lack of diversity</u> of teachers & principals

Lack the tools to <u>recognize and address racism</u> at interpersonal and as <u>structural</u> phenomenon

Lack of diversity at the <u>curriculum development</u> decision-making table- Curriculum focus <u>dominant Eurocentric culture</u>;

Some positive change with Indigenous Inclusion but not for other groups

Students have little to no exposure to successful professionals of colour

<u>Troubling and harmful over disciplining of IBPOC students in</u> comparison to white students



Systemic barriers to more diverse teachers entering & advancing

- Recruitment from a narrow pool of talent
- <u>Lack of specialists and credentialing</u> and <u>expertise</u> to support, professional development
- Lacking incentives for Change

Teacher training focusing on certain socio-economic groups — it's very hard to become a teacher unless you come from a very solidly middle-to-upper-class background

You have to put in so many hundreds of hours of volunteer experience before you apply to the (teacher training) program imagine being a single mum ... '...you can't afford to do that...it weeds out a lot of people



learning experience

Curriculum Exclusions Detrimental to Students' Ability to Thrive

- Extreme lack of diversity in the curriculum and at the curriculum development decision-making table
- Outdated accounts, ideas, and methods throughout the curriculum which concretize racist perceptions and reinforce "othering"
- Teachers relinquish their responsibilities, and Indigenous and other racialized students burdened stepping into the role of experts on residential schools, etc
- Instead of appreciating their diverse talents and worldviews as assets, they are seen as problematic
- Teaching materials sometimes present racism as a phenomenon which happens outside of Canada (cf. Pauchulo, 2013).

Students are being educated on the industrial revolution and the French revolution, with no material on the Haitian revolution and renaissance movements among several communities of African descent

Materials in science and technology propagates the viewpoint of neutrality, where these fields are devoid of contextual value and are severed from human/social interaction. It does not teach students about discriminatory relationships such as environmental racism and the inequities embedded in artificial intelligence (AI).

We (students) need to be able to see people like ourselves included in the curriculum to be fully seen and valued at school. This includes times to share at assembly, holidays and historical significance, flexibility to do projects on our own cultures, etc.

Our culture is not included in the school curriculum, we feel left out

School does not respect or include our cultural holidays and festivals (why do we need to celebrate Western Thanksgiving and Halloween?)

Students of colour are not motivated to work hard because they have no successful examples to look up to – leads to a single narrative in education – resulting in a feeling of making no impact to human progress – all the success of human progress are by default attributed to one race

Lack of teacher/curriculum diversity and capacity have <u>dire consequences</u>:

IBPOC Students experience Harm, Failure to Thrive and Reduced Life Chances in Schools

Over disciplining students of colour in comparison to White students

<u>Quick to pathologize</u> students' and parents' concerns without recognizing the root causes

Students have little to no exposure to successful IBPOC professional <u>affecting racial/cultural esteem</u>

<u>Low expectations</u> and tacit streaming, graduating without prospects

Equation of English language skills and accents with intelligence compounding stereotypical relationships

IBPOC parents not included as real partners

"When you have language barriers or from Africa they act as if you are not the same and do not listen to you"

"They [our children] are not treated equally or expected to make the same progress"

"My child was constantly being separated from the class"

"If something happens it is always the Indigenous Kids who are suspects"

"They are blamed for everything that happens in the school"

"These issues affect their Grades"







Student-tostudent relations

Student-to-student relations IBPOC students experience social isolation, little protection from abuse

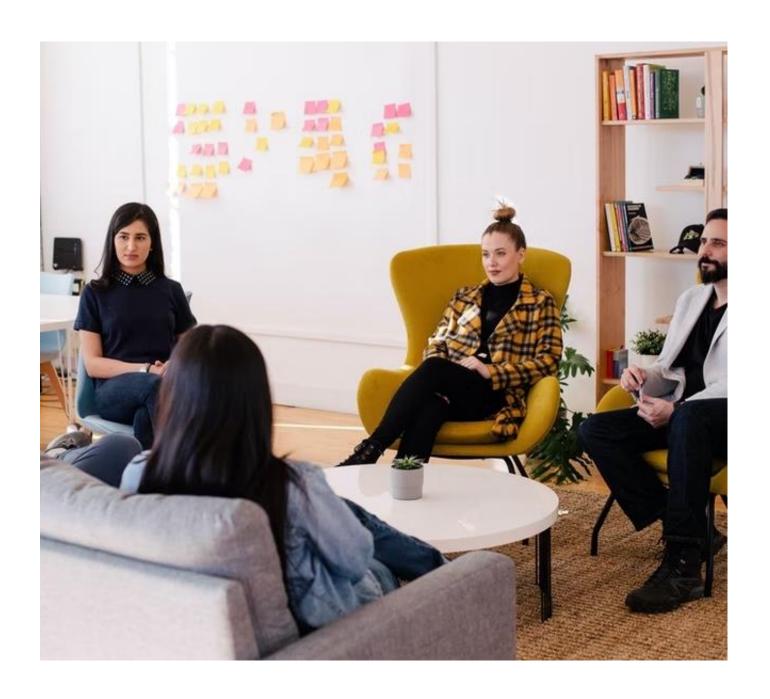
Students recount persistent incidents of racist abuse in school.

Perpetrators encountering either minimal punitive repercussions or none at all.

Lack of consistency over how to handle racism and to turn it into transformative moments of learning/change

lack of programs and conscious efforts to create inclusion into the social environment of the student body

- "People saying the n-word and other slurs with impunity"
- "There's minimum to zero consequence to racist abuse in school"
- "Teachers brushing racism off racism or turning a blind eye so some students consider they have license for abusive and poor behaviour toward the IBPOC students"
- "Teachers unable or unwilling to have these kinds of discussions in class [just social studies and English]"
- "Students don't approach their teachers out of fear they may get bullied even more"
- "Teachers don't encourage enough group reflection to understand each other"



Partnerships, relationships – teachers, families, community

Missing meaningful and relation-based engagement

- Schools lack the capacity to develop relationships with IBPOC parents
- No systematic way for parents to give structured feedback beyond immediate teacher or PAC
- Lack intentional programs and spaces to create networks of parent groups esp. for IBPOC
- Parent & families feel at odds with teachers and administration and believe their participation is not valued
- Parents who are not proficient in English feel particularly excluded even pathologized

"As a parent [to a Black child], In twenty years, this is the first time someone has asked me to talk about race-relations in Burnaby School District"

"Because of my Accent or because I am African they act like you are not the same and do not listen to you...my daughter has been through so much"

"When you are Black, they will finish your sentence then listen to others"

"We need a community that cares about us"

"The only feedback/communications we have from school is teachers emailing us. We don't even have a schedule (elementary school) – is that normal? Our kids need homework"



IBPOC Staff and Teachers Report Experiencing and witnessing Troubling amounts of Racism

- I have heard fellow teachers in Burnaby schools say very racist things about the students they teach in the staff room. One example would be where a teachers have said they wanted to prevent students speaking any other language other than English at school. This was explained that students speaking in any languages are rude. This is language imperialism operationalized. Our schools need to do a much better job confronting systemic racism and structural oppression at the school district.
- ...Everything from overt to subtle. From being told to go home, to go back where I can from, to stop talking about racism, to more subtle hints like valuing certain voices over others, white folks taking up all the space and time in meetings, white folks being the majority of administrators and decision makers etc.
- While attending an anti-racism workshop during a pro-d-day before the pandemic, teachers in my group had concluded that our students did not experience racism because our school was so diverse. I had to remind them that the racism still exists, especially outside of the school environment. Interestingly now, after the pandemic, everyone is saying it is a problem, when really it has been a problem for our diverse students all along



Resources & support

- DATA- dearth of race disaggregated data and information on the current racial dynamics and achievements of the student body and wider community.
- Added to this, students and parents have reported finding it difficult prove their case when making a complaint because incidents and reactions to them are not properly documented
- no verifiable data based on which to allocate resources using equity lens
- No targets, goals or monitoring
- Wholly inadequate funding to address equity gaps or diverting of resources to from areas identified as priorities

"Funding gets diverted from indigenous student support to (teaching) educating everyone"



While all IBPOC groups expressed exclusion, Black and Indigenous students and families are especially excluded and stigmatized

Families who are not proficient in English or French feel particularly excluded

ELL programs have been singled out for extensive criticism

IBPOC teachers are experiencing on the job racism

Black and Indigenous students and families are the most excluded and stigmatized

- Black boys cited a culture of violence, gangs and revengeful vendettas that occur from students outside and inside the school, they described a particularly dangerous existence for Black boys
- Black girls also highlighted unique experiences Black girls face with racism, class, and misogyny intersecting.
- Black students singled out and told [by teacher] they gather "too much attention"
- Violence in schools
- Black students are disciplined differently and more harshly
- Lower teacher assumptions about Black students' intelligence and aspirations e.g not going to college and university
- Assumptions and labelling of Black students as problematic and ill behaved
- Black children being constantly Separated from peers and class
- Pathologized as having learning or medical issues with evidence
- Even discriminated against in childcare spaces in daycares operated on school properties

Black Burnaby student says district sti enough to combat racism in schools



Burnaby North Secondary student Haleluya Hailu. (CityNews Vancouver)







Indigenous Students and Families it's really wonderful hearing you talking about, you guys' experiences, really inspiring...it's nice to hear about people growing up with mentors...growing up I didn't really have that...even my parents, they're residential school survivors ...still suffering intergenerational trauma...sometimes you really don't know what you're doing a certain time or what your next step is (in public schools), you feel really misplaced, and there are certain times I question my own identity as if I was ashamed of who I was growing up...Even to this day I feel that way, with my peers at work or school. When you don't have certain people in your life. There's a lot of things I struggled with growing up and if you don't have mentors, family members supporting you, you feel like you fall through the cracks...I think that goes for everyone in the public school, there are not just Indigenous and non-Indigenous peoples...it's a white and diverse country now from when I grew up...sometimes you still get blindsided by someone who is from a different country and surprised you don't know. Even today I don't know who, how and why of everything, I'm still learning on my journey. That's why I chose these three pictures.



Language learning and being left behind

- "...because my child didn't speak English well, the teacher just said he should have a memory test"
- "[The teacher told me] your son wrote so many mistakes, and it was in November 2004. I remember, and then I said well, we just came in 2003. He said, 'No way, that's awesome! But that's not the response that I should have received as a parent. It should have been: Okay, so let's see how we can support him in order that he can start write better and read better"

- Parents/families not proficient in English themselves feel they are not able to advocate, or are being overlooked
- Perceptions of BIPOC students being disadvantaged in English essay writing with sophisticated critical thinking and reasoning, but not fitting 'the norm' of how they were telling or structuring a story
- Well-meaning teachers telling parents (not proficient in English) 'just read with your child for 20 minutes each day'
- The process and narrow assessments fail to recognize students existing complex skills (in their first language), strengths, innate abilities, potential and aspirations (cf. Gallagher-Mackay, 2013)
- The processes needed to learn 'academic' language; maths and sciences not given enough attention, placing unfair demands on especially BIPOC and newcomers to catch up (Gee 2004)

Tequel Lydell Willis



Solutions and Recommendations How Do we make Burnaby Schools welcoming, flourishing spaces of belonging for everyone?









Broad-based Trustees approve **Burnaby Board** Anti-racism Worki new District position Group is struck wi of Education representation from resolution sets work Vice-Principal of District staff and in motion all partner groups (June 23) including student Anti-racism Surveys are **Working Group's** translated into engagement strategy Working Group parents and explores ways to multiple languages based on survey results engage entire and populated is approved by enous Elders Burnaby School the Board surveys are platform (March 30) community unched **Broad-based** eys for staff **Analysis Teams** Call out 11,000 written ents, parents with representatio to participate in guardians, from District staff a Anti-Racism Survey s well as the survey all partner groups Response Analysis mmunity including parents Teams tners close review survey results **Public sharing** Third-party Planned in-person at Board Meeting engagement firm events by District ning circles specializing in of survey response to share survey results d deeper including theme anti-racism, equity and third-party and diversity work flagged by Analy in-person engagement Teams who used a is hired to begin POSTPONED due to l-party firm next phase at equity lens new public health arm's length (November 23) Zoom events Third-party survey results firm to provide artner groups, final report and SAC and DPAC recommendations and the second d-party firm provide erim report

Commitment of Burnaby School Board

"The consultation process is intended to <u>inform</u> development of a district anti-racism <u>STRATEGIC</u> action <u>plan</u> that respects and honours the voices and lived experiences of those affected by systemic racism, implicit bias and/or discrimination"

...to achieve transformative Institutional/organizational-level change

Solutions and Recommendations Transforming Structural Racial Inequalities

Anti-Racist Schools

- "anti-racist education identifies racism as an organising principle of the social and political structure, closely linked to ... other forms of discrimination that deny human rights' (p. 168).
- Anti-racist perspective considers racism as operating not only through personal prejudice but as existing in interconnected ways through the <u>personal</u>, <u>structural</u> and <u>institutional</u> (Thompson, 1997).
- Whole school approach that includes 'instructional materials and strategies; teachers' expectations, attitudes and behaviour; language issues; staff composition; racial incident policies; assessment and placement practices; parental involvement; and staff development' (Cheng and Soudack (1994r p. i).

What does an anti-racist and equity-focused organization





Hidden

• Inequities and discrimination hidden

look like?

- Structural racism or racial bias and discrimination not recognized
- The value of diversity and difference not recognized or understood in very simplistic ways
- 'Colourblind' service delivery impacts, access

Acknowledged

- Dominant culture sees equity and racism as a zero-sum threat
- Beginning to focus on racism as manifested in interpersonal relationships
- Adhoc approach to data – workforce diversity data mostly focused on representation
- Growing recognition of racial inequity in service delivery, but no racial disaggregated understanding of gaps

Elevated

- Governance and senior leadership have strategic racial equity and justice sight
- Focus on root causes and structural manifestations of racism
- Anti-racism, equity and justice adopted as values and cross-cutting strategic issues
- Connecting rationale of becoming anti-racist to business reality and operations
- Commitments to specific racial equity in service delivery standards and outcomes to fill identified gaps and needs

Reimagined

- Equity and anti-racism embedded fully in values and strategy

 Comprehensive metrics,
- transparency and accountabilities adopted across the organization
 Culture of belonging and continuous improvement, mutual learning
 Partners leveraged and
 - ecosystem influenced for equity and anti-racism
 - Programs, policies and services innovation reimagined to fill gaps and meet needs of racially diverse groups

Embedded

- Focused on equity outcomes
- A continuous process of measuring implementation, evaluation, and improvement embedded
- Centering on IBPOC colleagues, members, partners and communities in decisions and monitoring of outcomes
- Significant reductions in inequality and inequities





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How Families See Anti-Racism

- When I see this road [the main one], that road carries everybody; big roads, small roads [leading there], some have big fancy cars, some have small cars, Tesla or scoter, but they're all going somewhere, and they all go through this main road we all come from different backgrounds, have different experiences. This road (the main artery) is the equalizer that everyone travels. Education is part of all our humble beginnings. So the education system anti-racist system is the kind of system that carries everybody...to a common destination (of enlightenment) and all the good things that it brings about.
- For me this represents the connectedness that everyone has...we're all connected in this world and sometimes we don't realize it...reminds us that we're all part of each other in some ways... we have a purpose and work together and are all integral together....without one part the machine doesn't function very well. Not just technical, parts, but it's a dignified and elegant system similar to us, we all need dignity... also represents the need for difference different shapes, sizes, colours and if we don't give ourselves dignity, that's where racism starts. When we take dignity away from people we have systemic bias/racism

Principles: Leading and governing transformation to become an anti-racist decolonized school district:

Establish and work towards equity goals – <u>needs a District-wide strategy</u> to addressing opportunity gaps

One <u>that affirms Indigenous and Black identity and other racialized groups</u> – also in leading and Governing change – disrupt, decolonize and widening the circle..

Gather disaggregated racial identity-based DATA at the school-level

<u>Is intentional</u> in building institutional capacity as a learning Organization

Transparency embedded in all anti-racism work

Aim to be <u>evidence-based</u>, putting overarching accountability frameworks in place, measuring progress, iterative learning and evaluation

Adopt <u>new ways of working collaboratively</u>. including with broader Burnaby ecosystem and IBPOC communities

Recommended Priority Elements of Burnaby School Board Action Plan

Acknowledge

Acknowledge the deep structural and systemic racism and commit to racial equity

Anti-Racism working Group

Elevate and make permanent the ad hoc anti-racism working group (with alternating chair) – for governance and decision-making that center voice and agency of IBPOC staff, students. administrators, teachers, parents

Accountability Framework

Develop strategic Anti- Racism accountability framework

Data & Research

Make decisions evidence-based

- •Data & Research (stop leading blindly) to make visible racial disparities, the experience and intersectional equity gaps in all areas
- Conduct a full Organizational Equity Audit

Commit to Goals

Commit to specific racial equity goals across the school-

Embed

Embed anti-racism and equity-lens in governance, leadership and across the six areas

Recruit, Retain, Recognize

Introduce deliberate strategy to increase IBPOC Leadership, Staff and Teachers especially those most excluded

Monitor& Iterate

Conduct regular intersectional racial equity audits and monitoring for progress on goals **Update Action Plan**

Resources &

Support

Administration. leadership, policies, procedures



Teacher diversity, capacity and practice







system

- Conduct end-of-year parent/family surveys
- Develop strategic
- mutual learning and
- Prioritize ELL-, bridging gap from elementary to secondary support for



Data, Budget, Resources

- Develop/expand curricula and learning opportunities that deliberately bring students together to reflect, to have conversations, forming relationships and build community
- community engagement strategy Structure and resource
- parent-school spaces for collaboration beyond DPAC
- especially newcomers
- Enable peer-to-peer mentoring among parents

- Critically review and collaborate on curriculum redesign, with BIPOC voices at the table
- Develop/expand curricula and learning opportunities that deliberately bring students together to reflect, to have conversations, forming relationships and build community

barriers as part of workplace environment Develop mandatory leadership development focused on building racial & equity sight for leading organizational change - to address structural racism

Develop anti-racism and

equity-results focused policy

mechanisms and guidance for

Establish proper reporting

racism and discrimination

Survey racialized employee

experience with structural

- Targeted BIPOC hiring and advancement
- Schedule collegial anti-racism discussions and actions into the school year
- Review recruitment, Pro-d and growth/advancement support with anti-racist and equity lens to address structural barriers and racial discrimination
- Credential and recognize racial inclusion expertise modeled after the Indigenous Enhancement Teachers to support teacher capacity

Acknowledge the deep structural and systemic racism and commit to racial equity

Systemic Racism is embedded in the Burnaby School system and in the wider society that schools are part of

Significant harm can be perpetuated even when there is no intent to cause harm

Many IBPOC students are limited in their ability to learn, thrive and reach their full potential because of the racism they experience in the school system

IBPOC students as indeed all learners have a right to be educated to see the dignity, traditions, history and contributions of all racial and ethnic groups that call Burnaby home

Elevate and make permanent governance and decision-making that center voice and agency of IBPOC staff, students, administrators, teachers, parents



Mika Melles

(she/her) is a 17-year-old biracial (half Black/half Asian) student attending Burnaby South Secondary School. As an active member of her school community, Mika has been Co-Chair of a student-led equity council for two years and has joined multiple sports teams over the past five years. She has taken steps within her school to dismantle social injustices and is a part of an Anti-Racism Student Committee. Mika also plays for a local field hockey club and volunteers as a coach.

Further develop and making the the ad hoc anti-racism working group into a permanent Anti-Racism Steering Committee (Co- Chair and alternating)

Support and foster
expansion of antiracism/equity student
clubs/councils etc, and
foster and support
IBPOC networking and
leadership

New governance model that expands or reforms the PAC to intentionally include IBPOC perspectives The establishment of
District Principal Equity, Diversity and
Inclusion at Burnaby
School District is a
good start..role needs
to be further expanded
and empowered

Develop strategic accountability framework, anti-racism Data Strategy and Monitoring

Develop and Implement a Racial Equity Accountability Framework

Using Inclusive and collaborative processes that centres IBPOC perspectives

- Collect and track data to make evidence-based decisions
 - <u>Data & Research</u> to make visible racial disparities, the experience and intersectional equity gaps in all areas
 - Data provides the School District with the information required to make change, mark baseline, set goals, indicators, targets and track progress towards goals.
 - Conduct a full Organizational Equity Audit
- Commit to specific racial equity goals across the school-system
- Co-Design and develop District and School Level Action Plan
- Conduct regular intersectional racial equity audits and monitoring for progress against goals
- Reporting to Trustees and at the District and school levels

Level of Accountability	Component	Reporting Frequency	Mechanism
	Anti-Black Racism Steering Committee	Quarterly	Quarterly updates on strategy implementation
System	Trustees	Quarterly	Updates on strategy implementation
	Public Reporting	Annually	Written annual report on strategy implementation and KPIs
	Director's Action Plan	Annually	Written update to the Board of Trustees
	Strategy Evaluation	In 5 years	Process and impact evaluation
School / Department	School Improvement Plans / Department Improvement Plans	Annually	Written report on strategy implementation and measures of progress
Individual	Director's Position Profile Superintendent and Principal Position Profiles Teacher Performance Appraisals Teacher Annual Learning Plans	As determined by cycle	Strategy implementation

Develop Develop anti-racism and equity-results focused policy Establish Establish proper reporting mechanisms and guidance Survey racialized employee experience with structural barriers Survey as part of workplace environment Develop Develop mandatory leadership development focused on Racial building racial & equity sight for leading organizational change **Equity Sight**

Administration, leadership, policies, procedures





Teacher diversity, capacity and practice

Targeted BIPOC hiring and advancement

Schedule collegial anti-racism discussions and actions into the school year

Review recruitment, Pro-D and growth/advancement support with anti-racist and equity lens to address structural barriers and racial discrimination

Credential and recognize racial inclusion expertise modeled after the Indigenous Enhancement Teachers to support teacher capacity



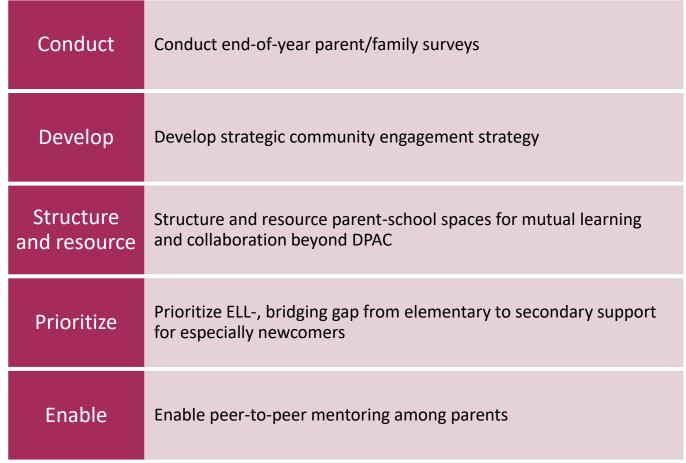
Student-tostudent relations

 Develop/expand curricula and learning opportunities that deliberately bring students together to reflect, to have conversations, forming relationships and build community

Indigenous Students and Artists Craft 400-year-old Cedar Log into Giant Storyboard



Indigenous students at Alpha Secondary are creating a piece of art to greet all who come to their newly rebuilt school. Students are carving a storyboard under the guidance of Squamish elder and artist, Latash Nahanee, whose nation generously donated a 400-year-old cedar log for the project. It weighed roughly two thousand pounds and had to be transported by crane.





- <u>Critically review</u> and collaborate on curriculum redesign, with BIPOC curriculum design experts and voices at the table
- Develop/expand curricula and learning opportunities that <u>deliberately bring partners</u> such as parents, cultural organizations, forming relationships and build community





- Data
- Leadership profiles; demographics, teacher profiles and barriers to becoming teachers
 - Hiring, promotions diversity data
 - Curriculum and pedagogy data what is being taught.. demonstrated capacity
 - Graduation rates
 - Transitions from elementary to secondary
 - Streaming...makeup/racial disproportionality
 - Incidents/complaints/interventions
 - Student and employee wellbeing

Tackling Sys Racism

Professor at the Beedie School of Business SFU and Hogan's Alley Society spokeswoman June Francis talks about the B.C. government's introduction of the anti-racism data act during a news conference in the Hall of Honour at the legislature in Victoria, B.C., on May 2.

B.C. introduces law to collect data on race

VANCOUVER



- Racial Equity Budgeting
 - Budgets and Resources is key indicator of PrioritiesReflect Priority
 - Racial Equity should guide allocation
 - All Budget Submission should Include Racial Equity Impact Analysis

Recommended Priority Elements of Burnaby School Board Action Plan

Acknowledge

Acknowledge the deep structural and systemic racism and commit to racial equity

Anti-Racism working Group

Elevate and make permanent the ad hoc anti-racism working group (with alternating chair) – for governance and decision-making that center voice and agency of IBPOC staff, students. administrators, teachers, parents

Accountability Framework

Develop strategic Anti- Racism accountability framework

Data & Research

Make decisions evidence-based

- •Data & Research (stop leading blindly) to make visible racial disparities, the experience and intersectional equity gaps in all areas
- Conduct a full Organizational Equity Audit

Commit to Goals

Commit to specific racial equity goals across the schoolsystem

Embed

Embed anti-racism and equity-lens in governance, leadership and across the six areas

Recruit, Retain, Recognize

Introduce deliberate strategy to increase IBPOC Leadership, Staff and Teachers especially those most excluded

Monitor& Iterate

Conduct regular intersectional racial equity audits and monitoring for progress on goals **Update Action Plan**

Resources &

Support

Administration. leadership, policies, procedures



Teacher diversity, capacity and



practice





- Conduct end-of-year
- Develop strategic
- Structure and resource mutual learning and collaboration beyond DPAC
- Prioritize ELL-, bridging gap from elementary to secondary support for



Data, Budget, Resources

- Develop/expand curricula and learning opportunities that deliberately bring students together to reflect, to have conversations, forming relationships and build community
- parent/family surveys
- community engagement strategy
- parent-school spaces for
- especially newcomers
- Enable peer-to-peer mentoring among parents

collaborate on curriculum redesign, with BIPOC voices at the table Develop/expand curricula

Critically review and

and learning opportunities that deliberately bring students together to reflect, to have conversations, forming relationships and build community

environment Develop mandatory leadership development focused on building racial & equity sight for leading organizational change - to address structural

racism

Develop anti-racism and

equity-results focused policy

mechanisms and guidance for

Establish proper reporting

racism and discrimination

Survey racialized employee

experience with structural

barriers as part of workplace

- Targeted BIPOC hiring and advancement
- Schedule collegial anti-racism discussions and actions into the school year
- Review recruitment, Pro-d and growth/advancement support with anti-racist and equity lens to address structural barriers and racial discrimination
- Credential and recognize racial inclusion expertise modeled after the Indigenous Enhancement Teachers to support teacher capacity



SCHOOLS AS ANTIRACIST Anti-racist organizations and institutions do things proactively to combat structural and systemic racism and working towards equity-outcomes in continuous learning and innovation

